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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/574,360	03/31/2006	Panagiotis Anagnostopoulos	8043-96989	5850
66919 PYLE & PION	7590 09/23/200 ΓΕΚ	EXAMINER		
ATTN: THOMAS R. VIGIL 221 N LASALLE STREET , ROOM 2036 ROOM 2036 CHICAGO, IL 60601			TOLAN, EDWARD THOMAS	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3725	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/23/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Commence	10/574,360	ANAGNOSTOPOULOS ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	EDWARD TOLAN	3725					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tinuity will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
	action is non-final.						
·	, 						
.—	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	_						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.	· ·						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>19 June 2008</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate					

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The claims are generally narrative and indefinite, failing to conform with current U.S. practice. They appear to be a literal translation into English from a foreign document and have grammatical and idiomatic errors.

Claim 1 recites the limitations "the smallest diameter" in line 3, "the final under production" in line 4, "the initial" in line 5, "the instance" in line 5, "the selected diameter" in line 6, "the inner side" in line 6, "the outside" in line 7, "the spring advancement sense" in line 8, "the energy" in line 9, "the selected dimension" in line 10, "the spring turn" in line 10, "the same spring turn" in line 11 and "the selected pitch" in line 11. There is insufficient antecedent basis for these limitations in the claim.

Claim 6 recites the limitations "the initial spring" in line 4, "the emerging spring turn" in line 6 and "the outside" in line 9. There is insufficient antecedent basis for these limitations in the claim.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shibata et al. (4,444,036) in view of Bruce (4,937,937). Shibata discloses a method and apparatus for producing circular and barrel shaped springs consisting of a central revolving roller (24) and pressure contacting other rollers (16,18) that bend wire (40) to create an initial spring (column 3, lines 44-48). Shibata discloses an elbow member (34) with a suitable pin (37) that encapsulates an emerging spring turn (46a) from its inner and lower side. The elbow (34) is connected to an axle (36) with the elbow member and axle resting on a base (10). The axle (36) rotates about its axis (column 7, lines 18-20) and the elbow and pin are movable toward an outside of the spring (vertically, column 3, lines 32 and 33) and simultaneously are movable along a direction of a spring axis (column 4, line 7). Shibata discloses selective motion of the rollers (16,18,24) (column 6, lines 18-24). Shibata discloses an electronic controller (50) for coordinated movement of the rollers (16,18,24) and pin (37). Shibata does not disclose that the pin enlarges an initial spring diameter to create a final spring dimension. Bruce teaches pin (5) that is movable toward an outside of a circularly bent work (7) in

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order to increase a radius of curvature of the work (column 3, lines 52-62) from a value 2% less than a required radius. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to move the pin of Shibata outwardly as taught by Bruce in order to increase a radius/diameter of the spring in order to form a different spring size.

Regarding claim 7, the provision of more than one pin and elbow is a duplication of existing parts and would have been an obvious matter of design choice for the skilled artisan at the time of invention in order to hold or enlarge more than one spring section.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Ed Tolan whose telephone number is 571-272-4525. FAX communications should be sent to 571-273-8300.

/Edward Tolan/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3725